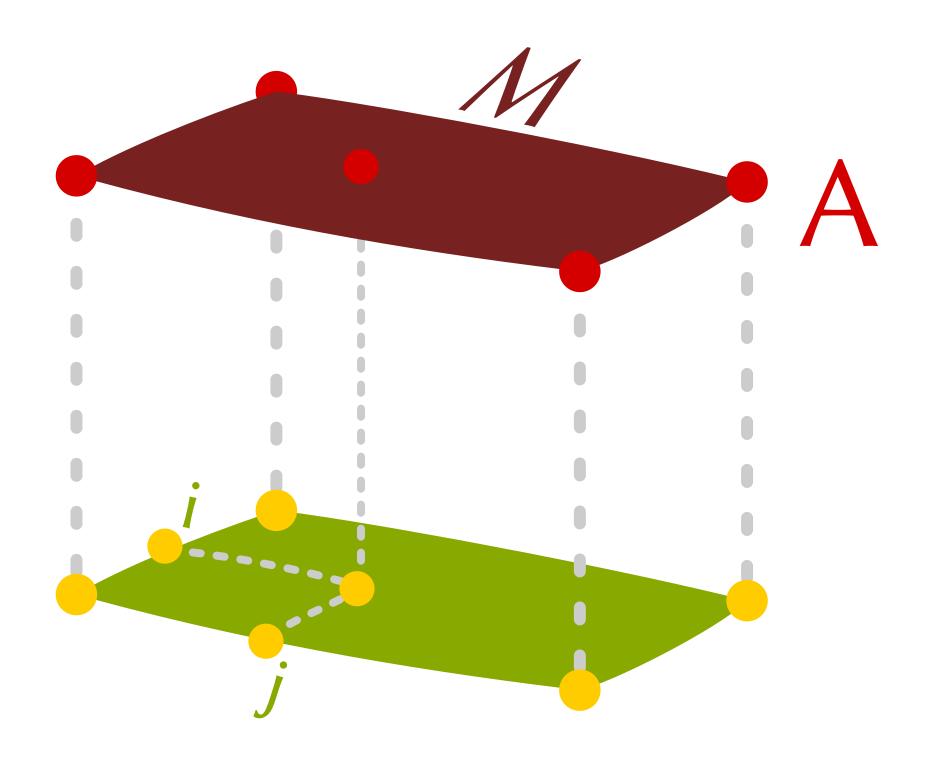
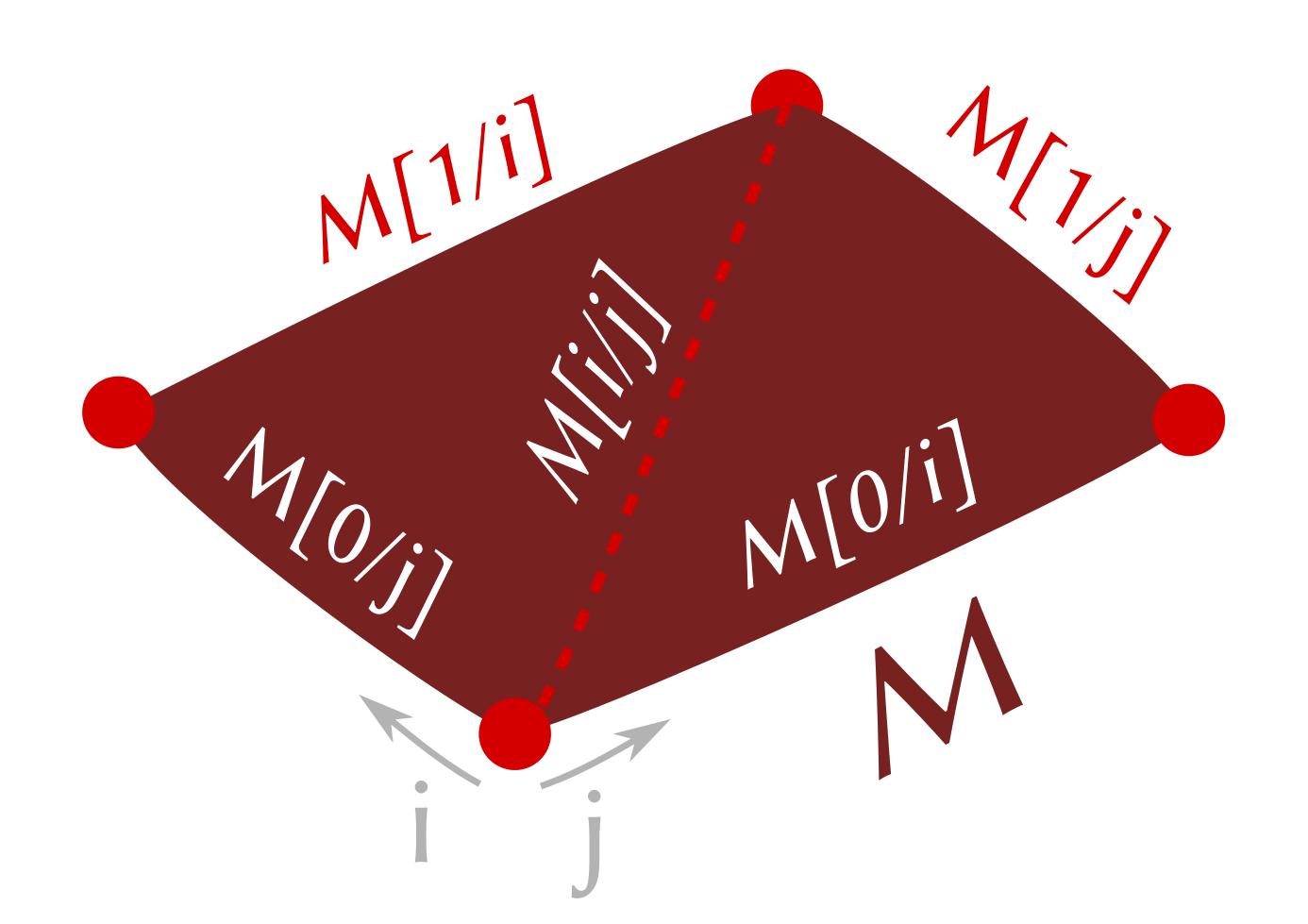


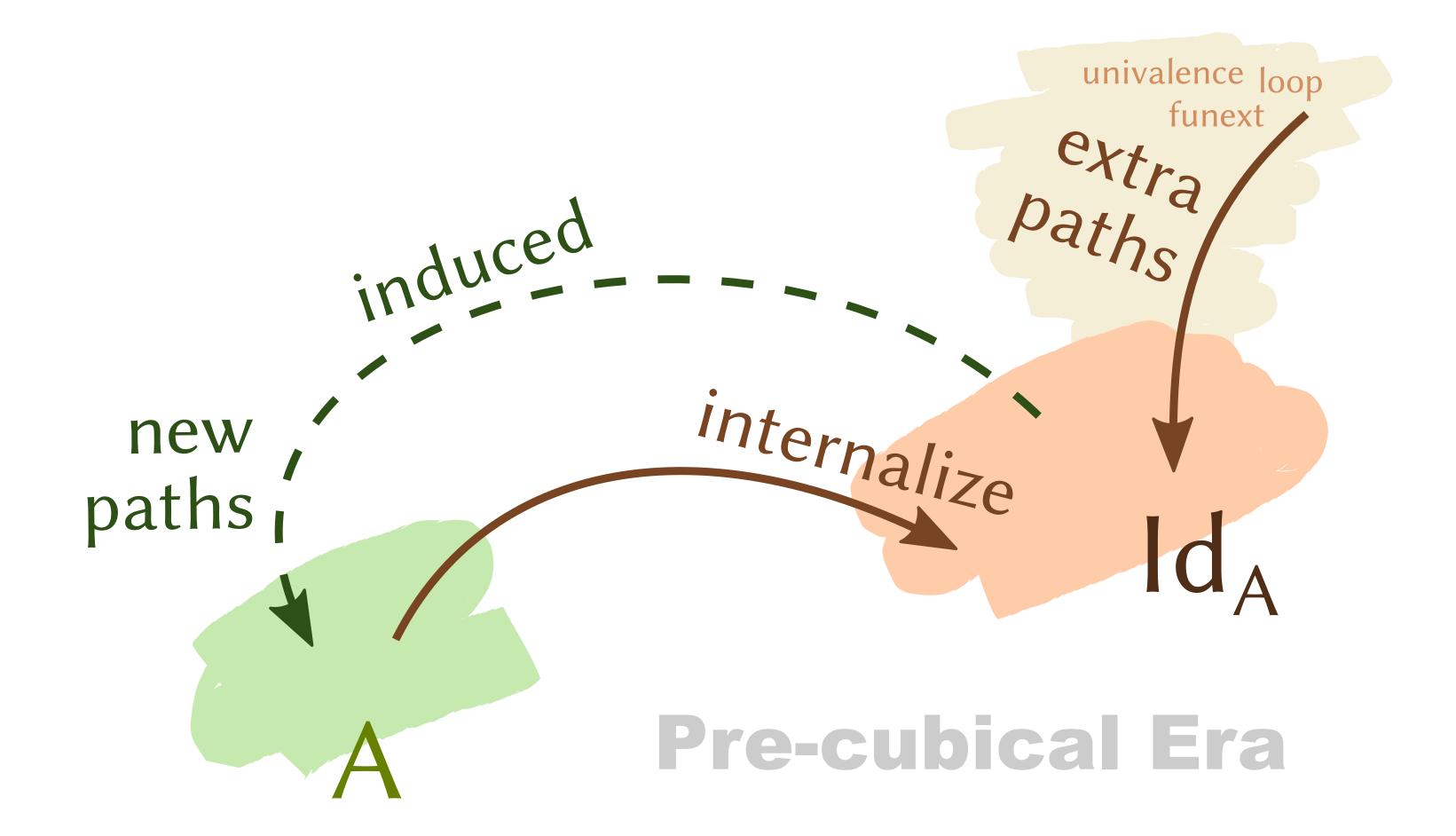
i:I + M:A



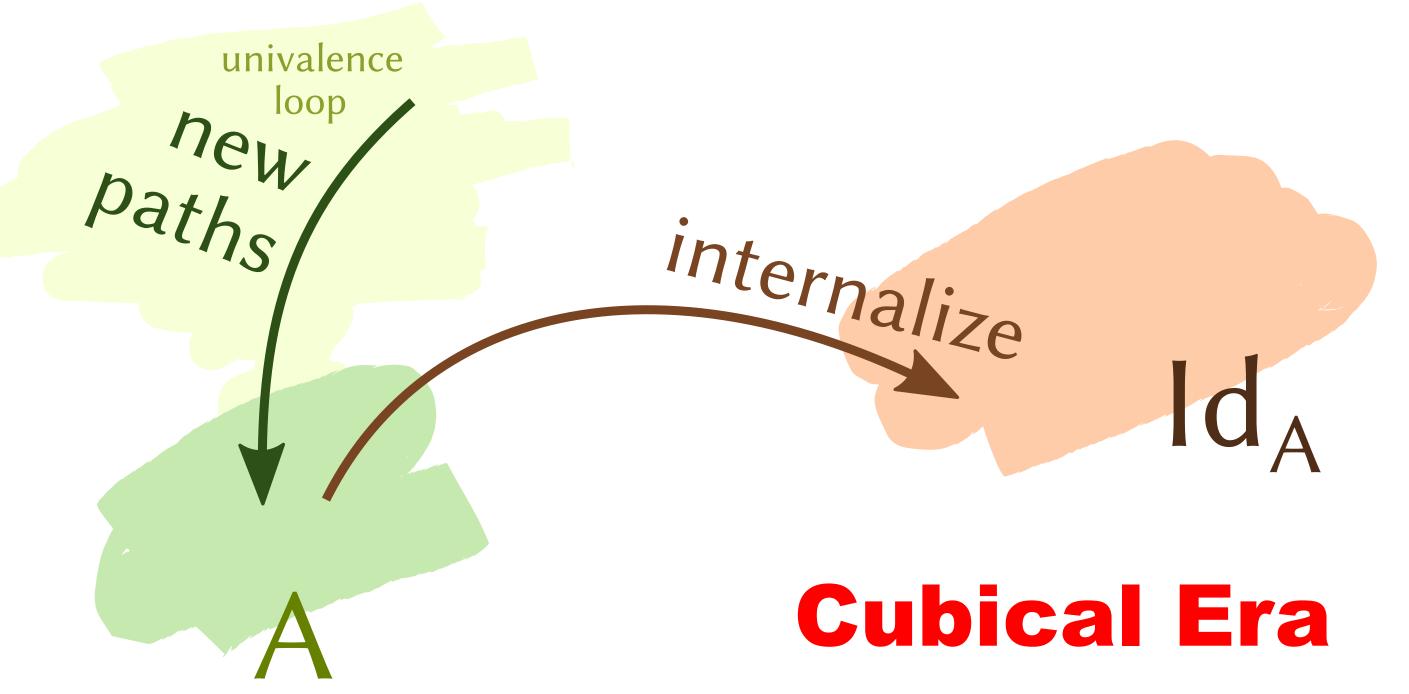
 $i:\mathbb{I},j:\mathbb{I} \vdash M:A$ 



 $\frac{\mathbf{i} \colon \mathbb{I} \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{i} \colon \mathbb{I}} \qquad \frac{\phantom{|}}{0 \colon \mathbb{I}} \qquad \frac{\phantom{|}}{1 \colon \mathbb{I}}$ 



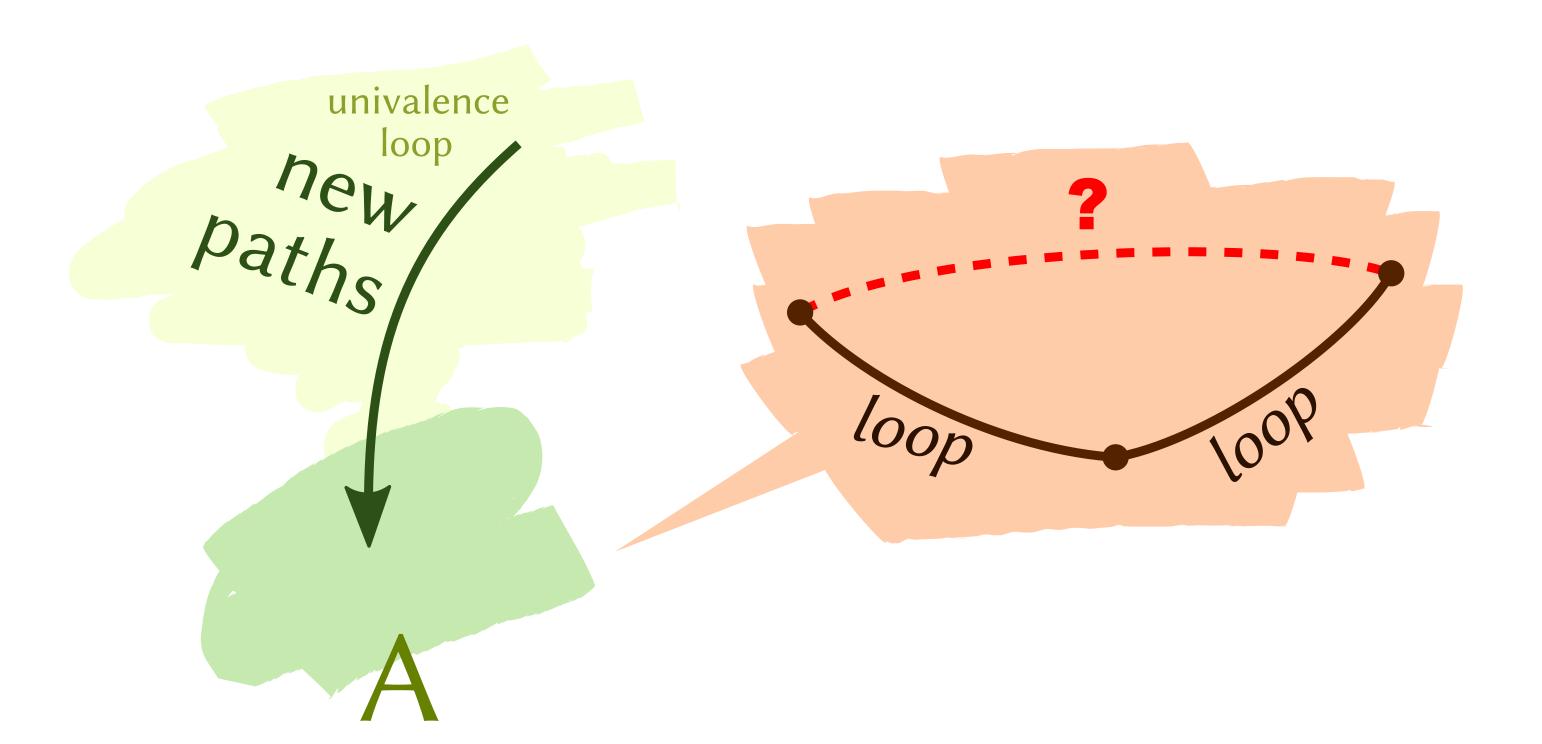
judgmental framework of paths

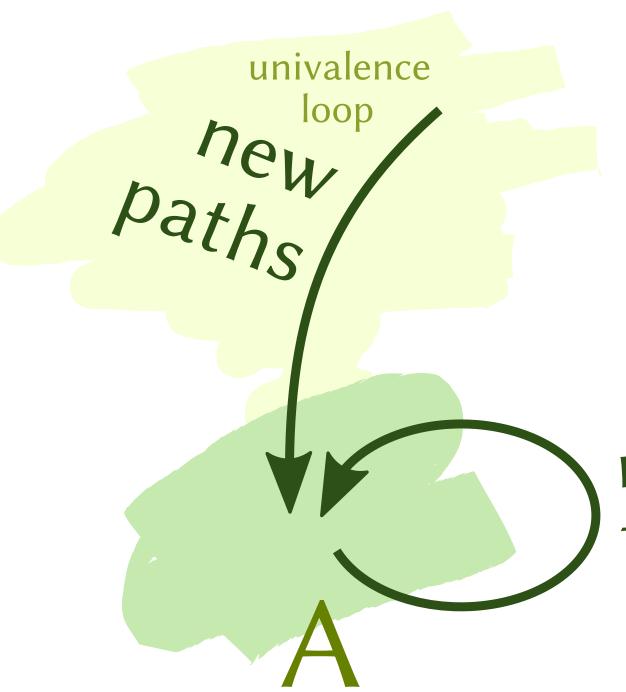


## Path types internalized i: I + M : A

## Identification types freely generated by refl

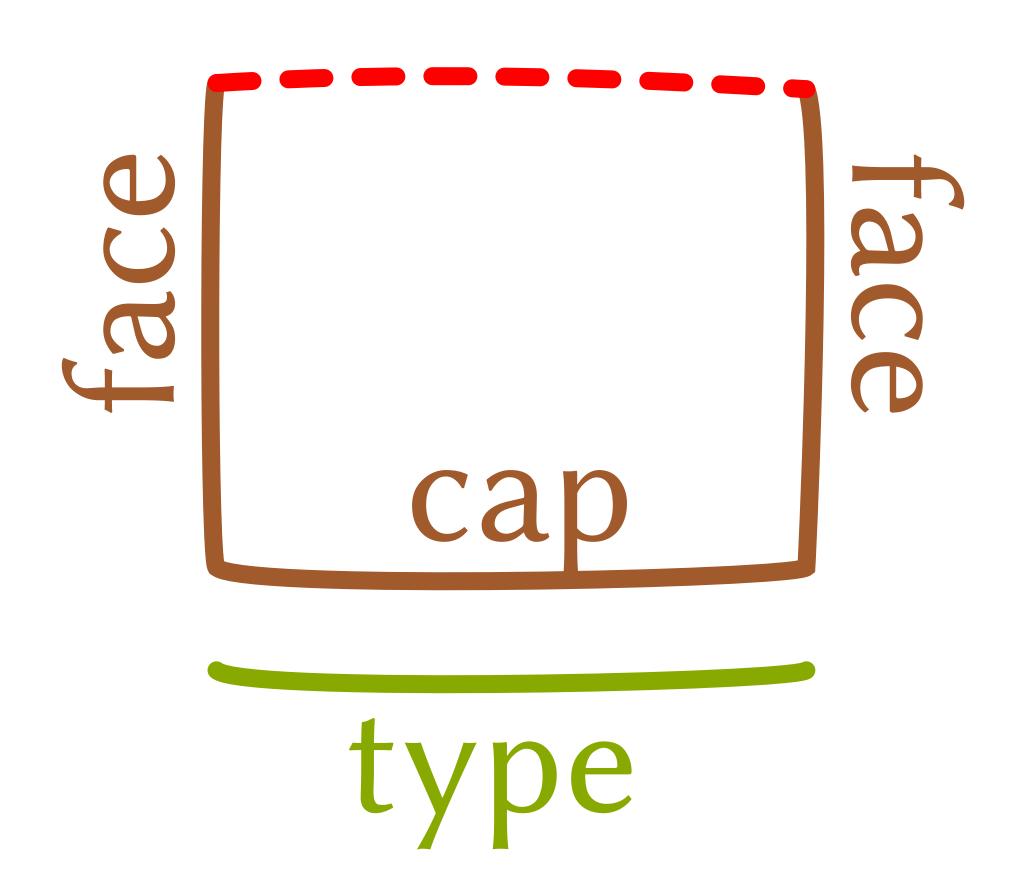
They can co-exist!

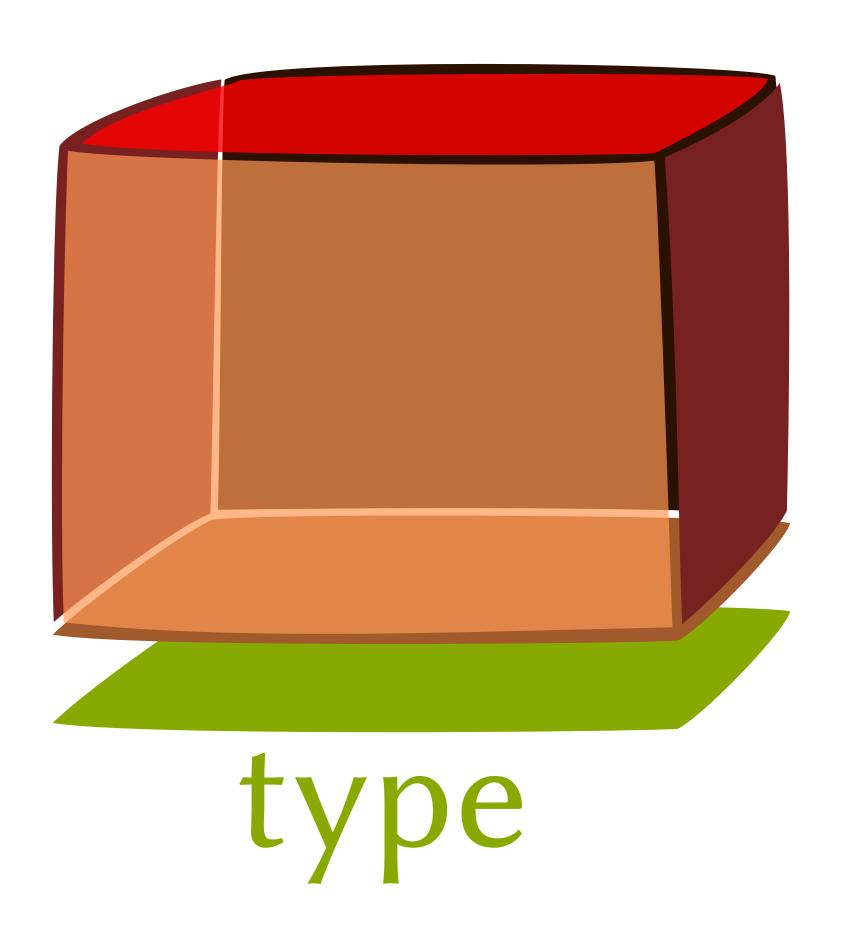




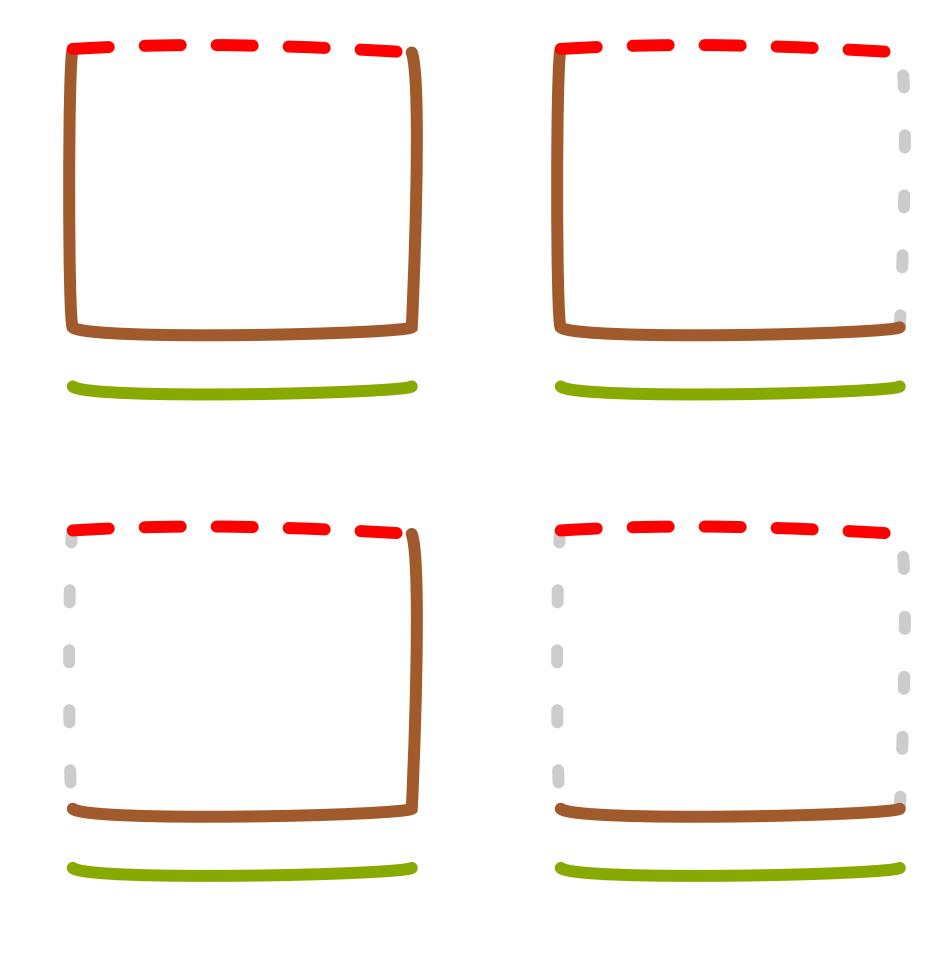
- 1. What is the type? (form)
- 2. What are the constructors? (intro)
- 3. How to consume an element? (elim)
- 4. What happens when a constructor is consumed? ( $\beta$ )
- 5. Elements generated by constructors?  $(\eta)$
- 6. How to compose stuff? (Kan operators)

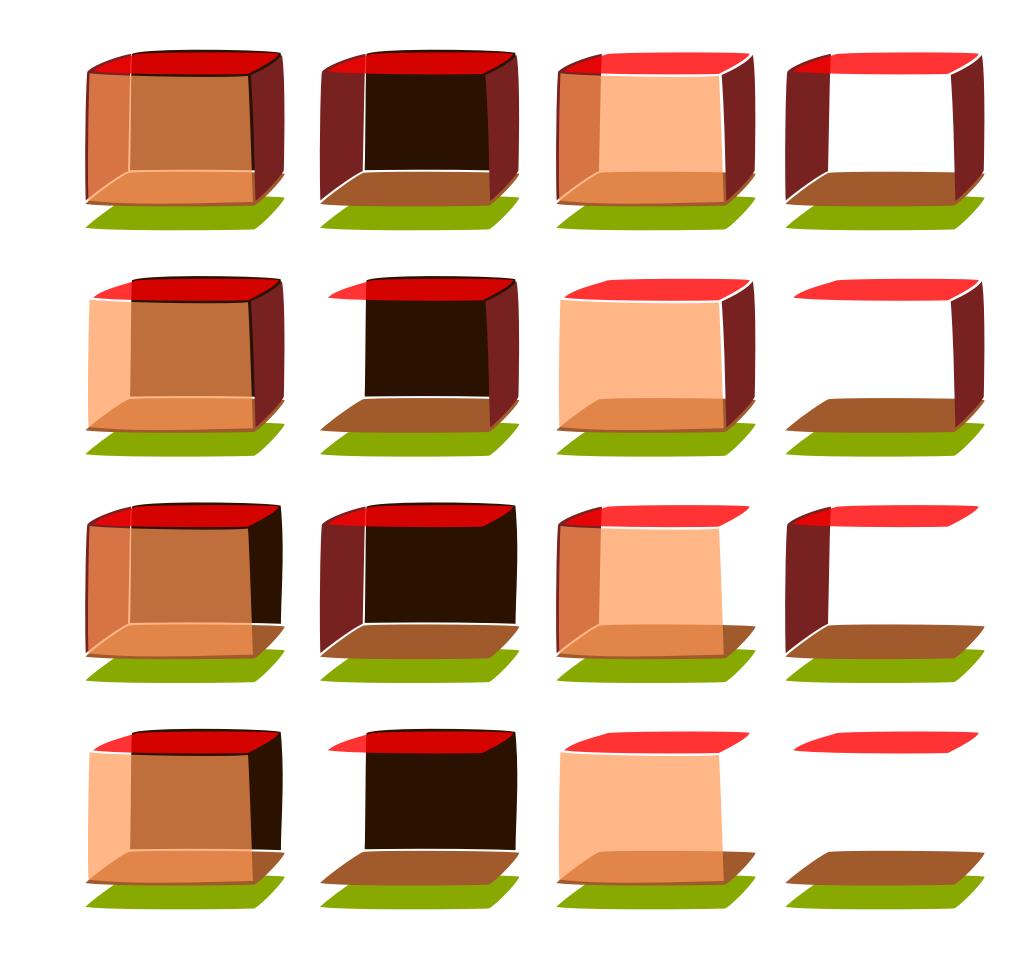
new operators for every type



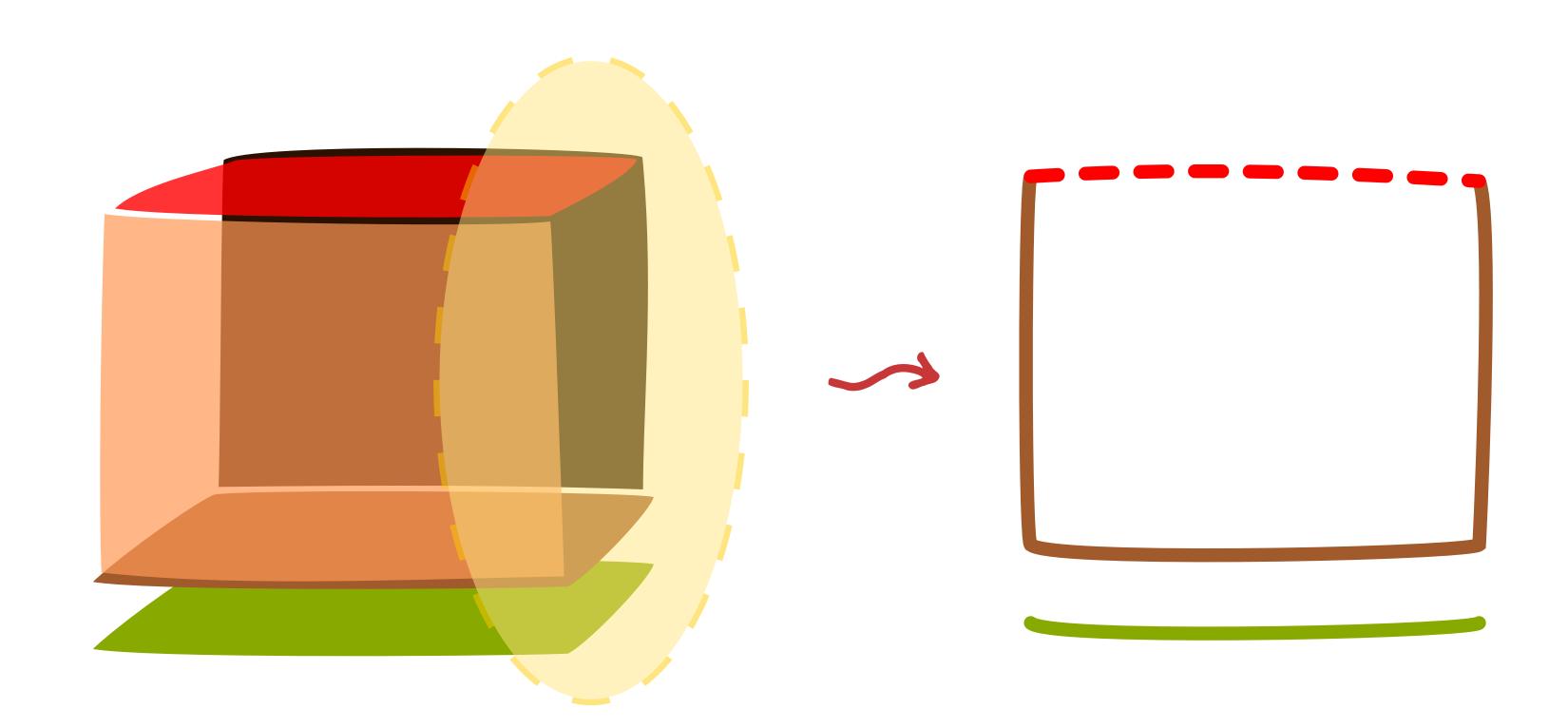


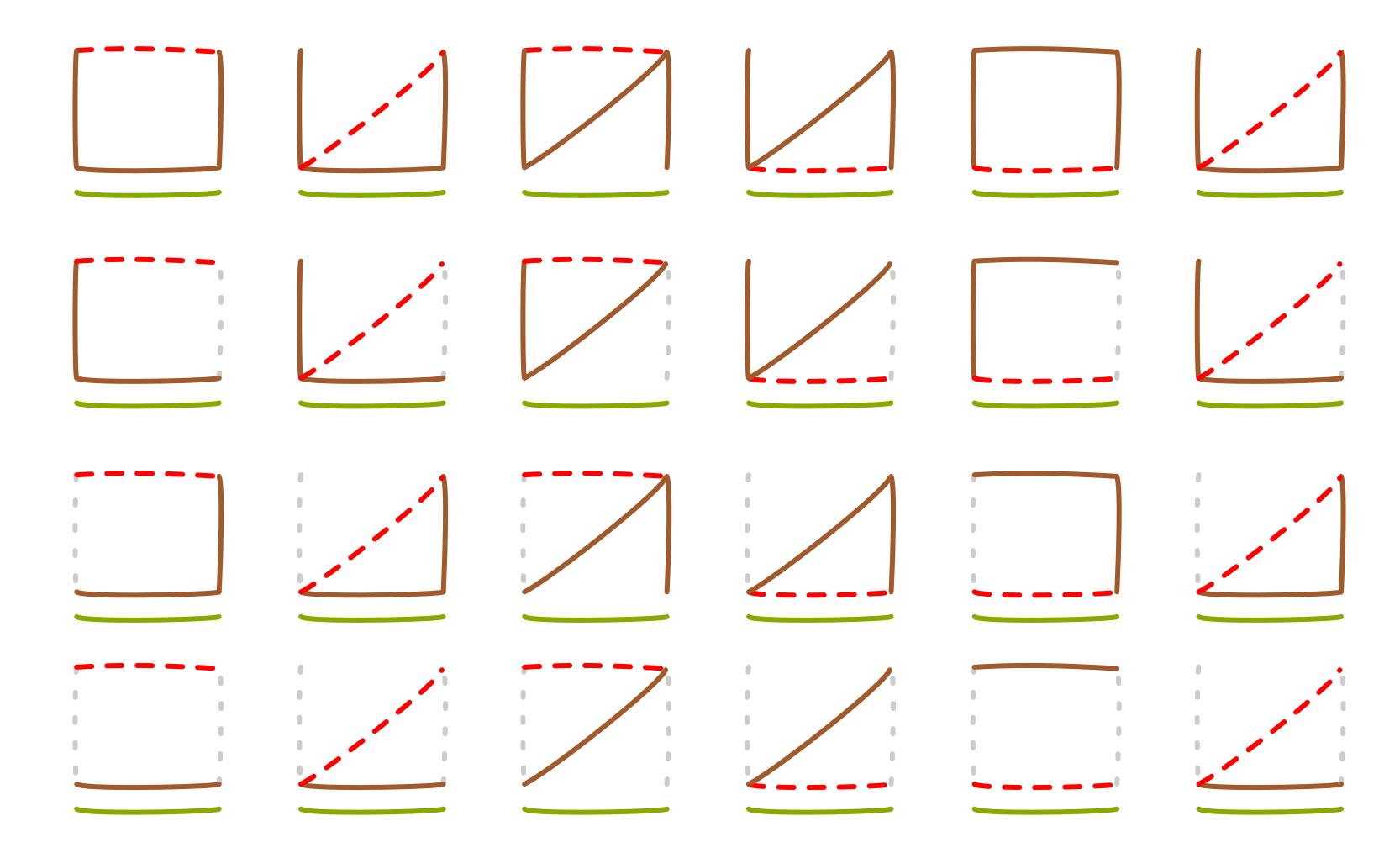
# 

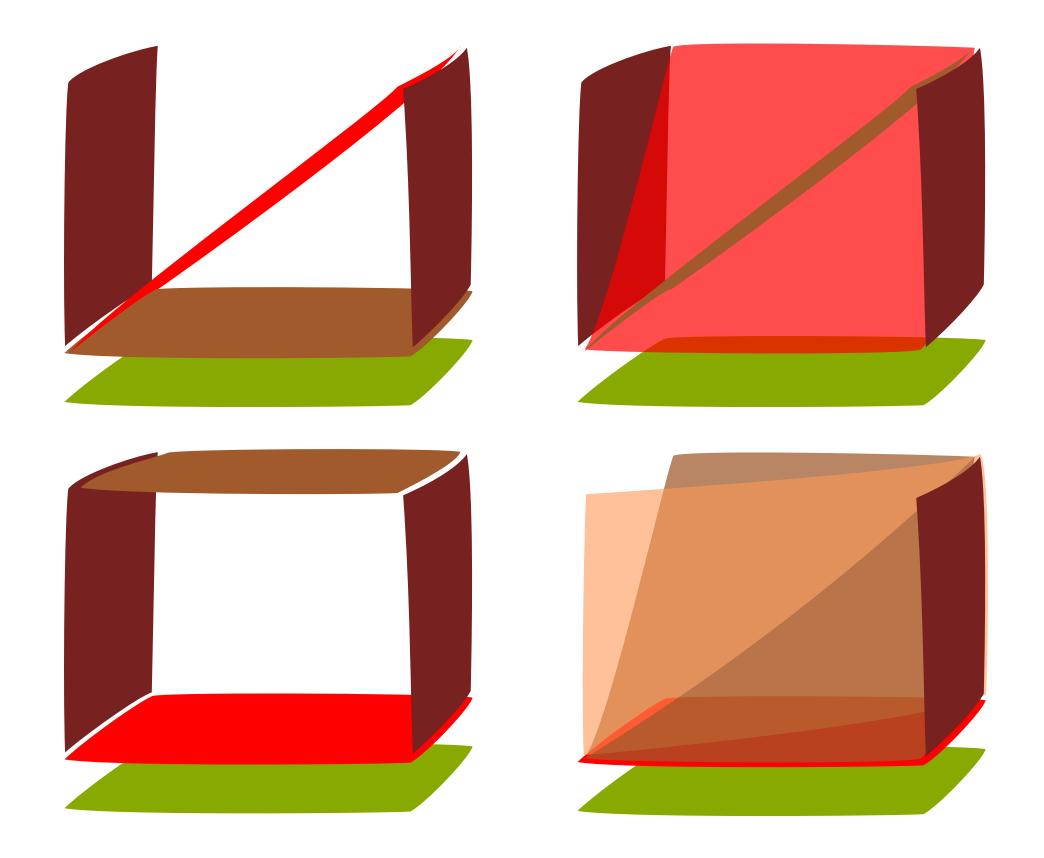


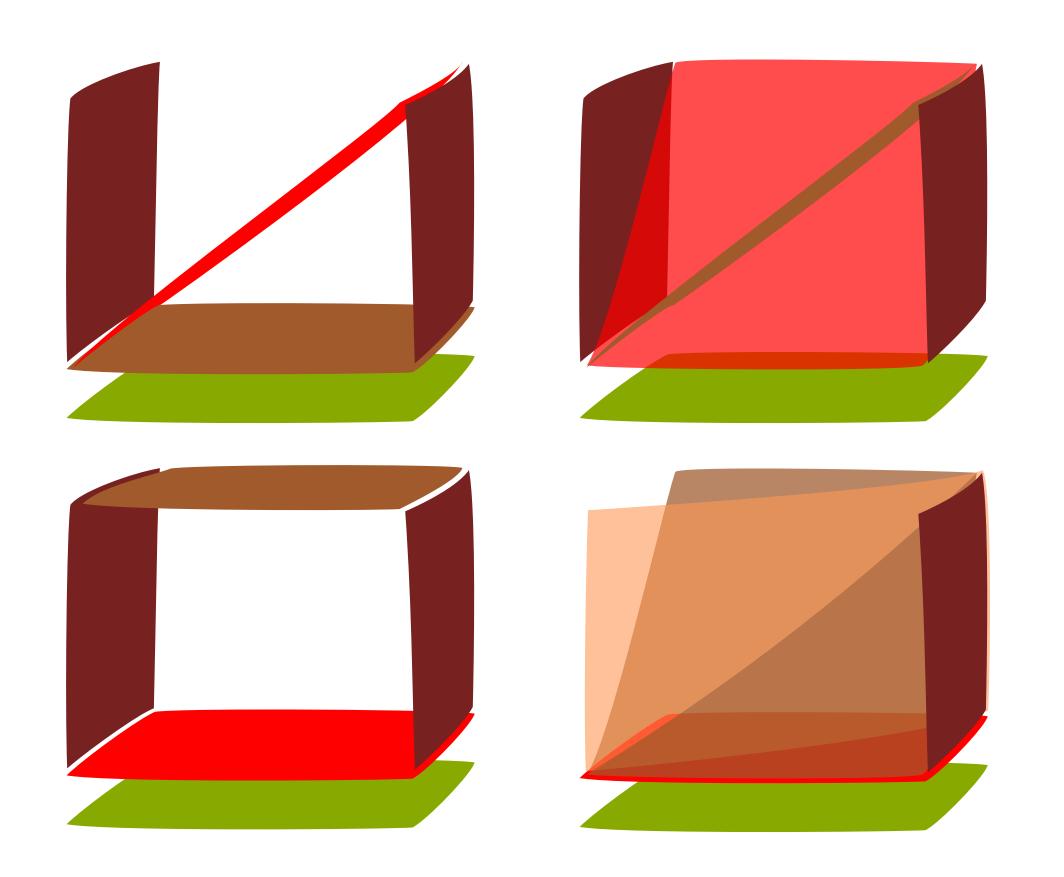


### 2n-2



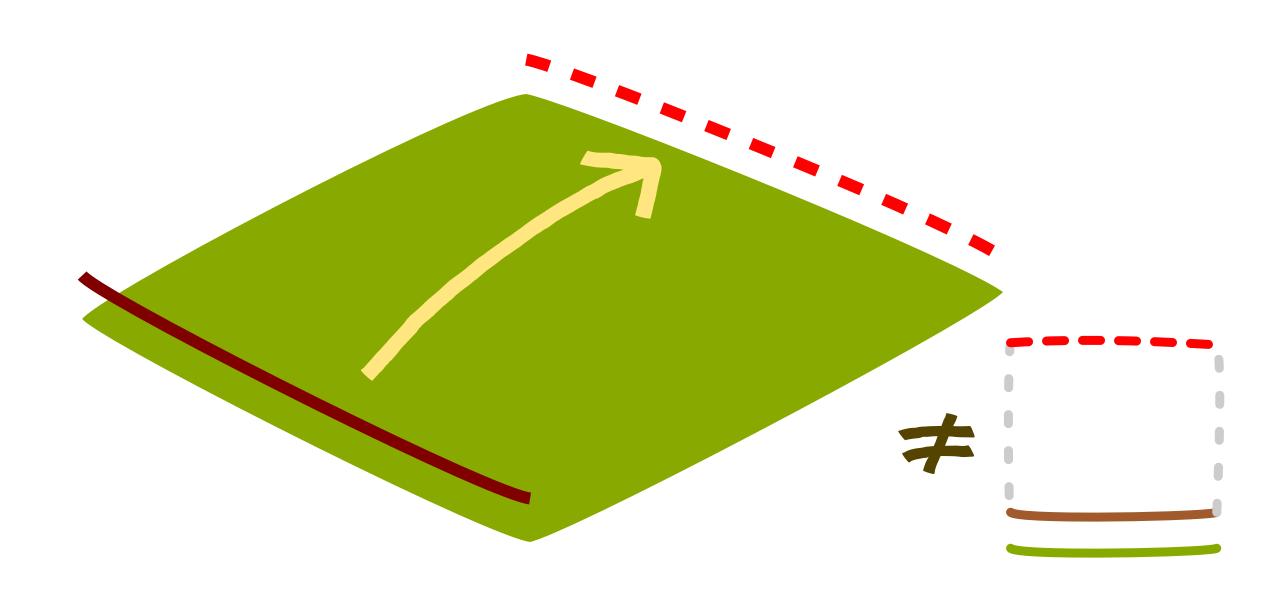


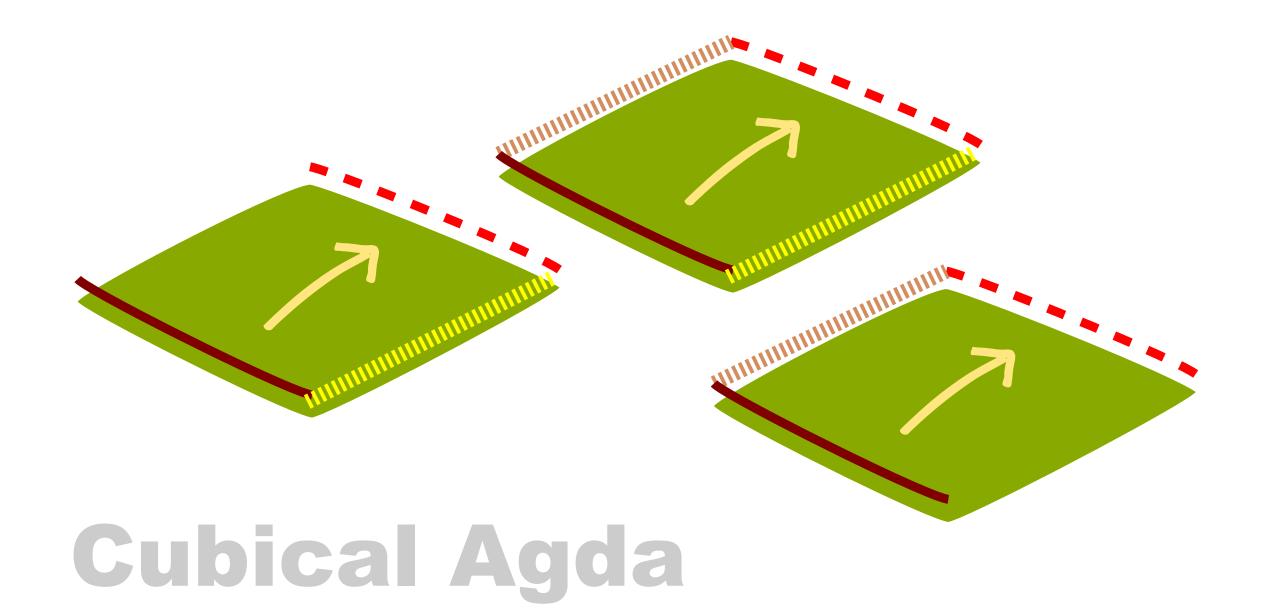


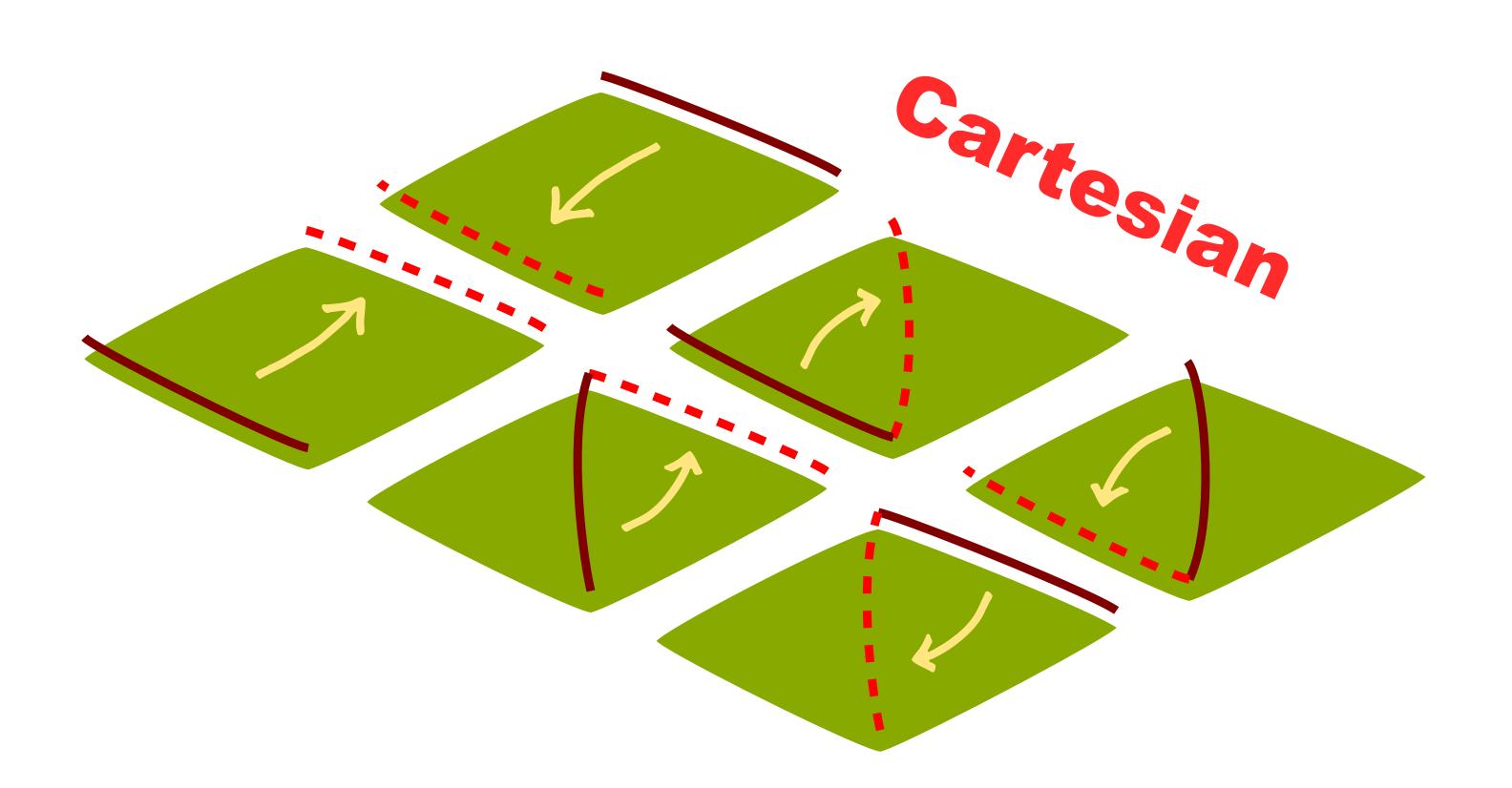


# how

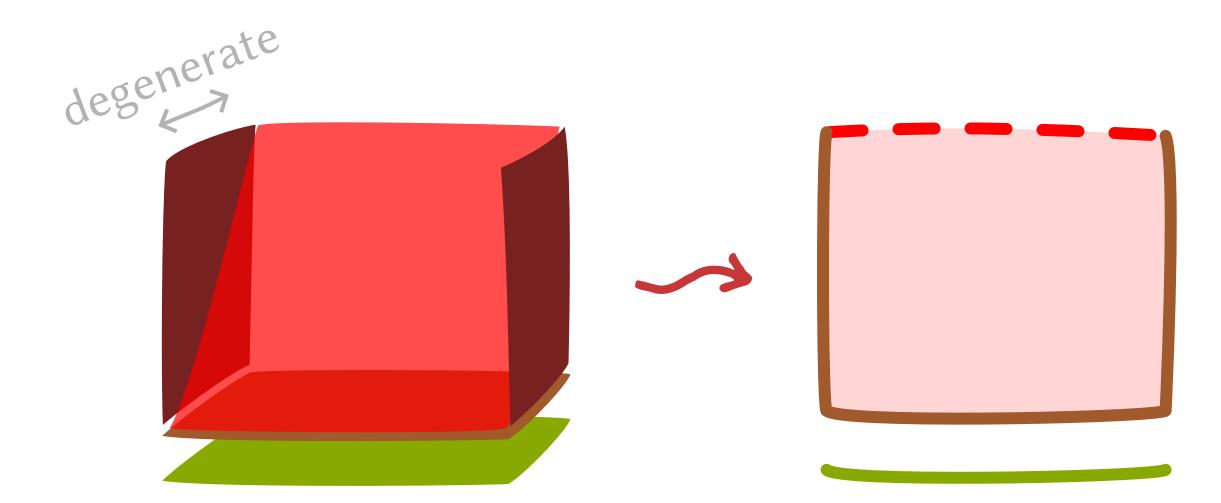
 $2^{2n-2} \times (n+1) \times n?$ 

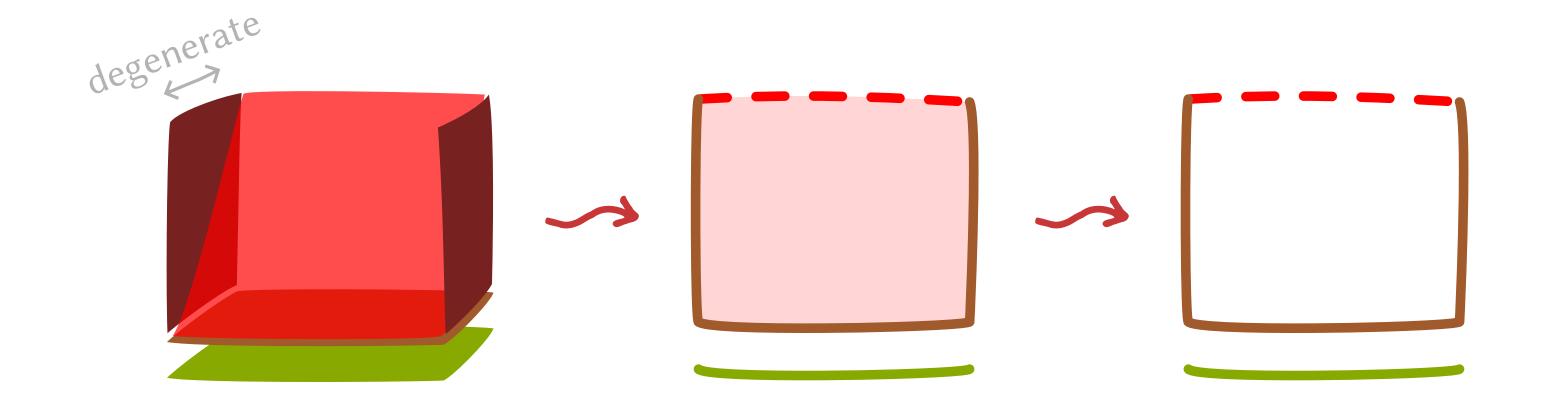






redtt/cooltt Cubical Agda [AFH+ABCHFL+CH] [CCHM+CHM]  $0, 1, \wedge, \vee, \sim$ 0, 1 algebra on I De Morgan homogeneous r to r', r=r' 0 to 1, r=0composition with fixation r to r' coercion





## Why Top Lines Agree?

hint: look at the rear

